

LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) TUES 9 SEP 2003

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INQUIRIES

■ For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Cassandra Gligora on Canberra (02) 6252 7206.

NOTES

ABOUT THIS PUBLICATION

This publication presents information about the labour force experience of the civilian population aged 15–69 years during the 12 months ending February 2003. It presents information about time spent in labour force activities, including episodes of working or looking for work, and time spent out of the labour force.

For this publication, labour force activity over a 12-month period was determined from a more limited set of questions than is used in the monthly Labour Force Survey (LFS). For this reason, the terms *worked* and *looked for work* are used, rather than the more precisely defined terms *employed* and *unemployed*, as used in the LFS.

ABOUT THIS SURVEY

Statistics in this publication were obtained from the Labour Force Experience Survey conducted throughout Australia in February 2003 as a supplement to the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) monthly LFS.

Labour force experience relates to a person's labour force activities over a 12-month period. Labour force activity consists of either working or looking for work.

The survey measured the number of weeks persons were engaged in these labour force activities during the year, the number of spells of looking for work during the year and the main activity of persons when not in the labour force.

ROUNDING

As estimates have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

NOTES ABOUT THE ESTIMATES

A number of changes have occurred since the 2001 survey:

- The introduction in April 2001 of the new Labour Force Survey questionnaire. This has changed the way the data item 'time worked with current employer' has been collected.
- The method used to determine 'number of employers/businesses during the year' has changed and now includes multiple jobs of multiple job-holders. As a result, the data item 'whether ceased a job during the year' is not available for 2003.
- Data items relating to educational attainment have changed following the introduction of the Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED).
- Table 12 from the 2001 publication has been dropped from the 2003 publication as the data it contained were based on the LFS 'labour force status at February', rather than the Labour Force Experience Survey concept of 'worked'.

For further information on all of these changes, see paragraphs 16–19 of the Explanatory Notes.

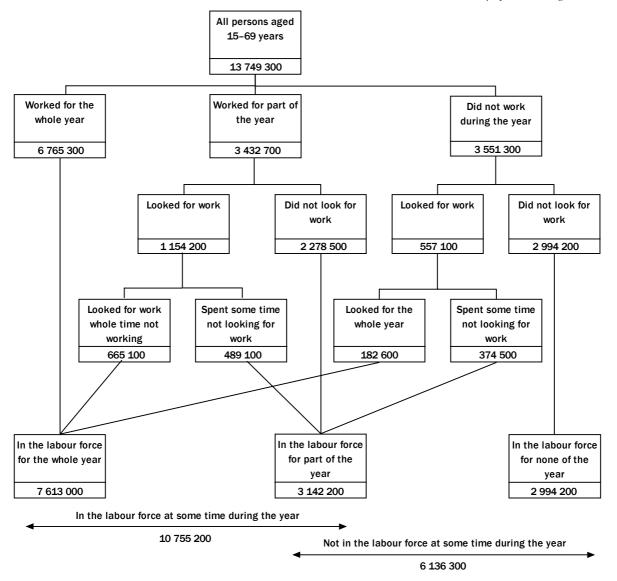
Dennis Trewin Australian Statistician

CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

The following diagram illustrates the conceptual framework for the Labour Force Experience Survey. Persons aged 15–69 years were classified according to their labour force activity over a 12-month period, that is, whether they were working or looking for work.

The framework firstly differentiates between persons who worked the whole year, part of the year or did not work during the year. Persons who worked part of the year or did not work during the year were asked whether they looked for work during the year. Persons who looked for work were also asked about the time they spent looking for work.



SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

In this publication the terms *worked* and *looked for work* have been used to describe labour force activity throughout the year. Note that these terms are not the same as the more precisely defined terms *employed* and *unemployed*, which are used in the monthly Labour Force Survey to describe current labour force status.

ALL PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69 YEARS

There were 13,749,300 civilian Australians aged 15–69 years in February 2003.

During the year ending February 2003:

- 10,198,000 persons worked at some time during the year, of whom 6,765,300 spent the whole year working
- 1,711,400 persons looked for work at some time during the year, of whom 182,600 spent the whole year looking for work
- 6,136,300 persons were not in the labour force at some time during the year, of whom 2,994,200 spent no time in the labour force.

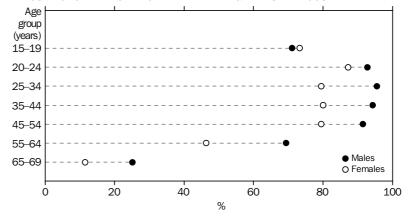
Participation in the labour force

There were 10,755,200 persons aged 15–69 years in the labour force at some time during the year ending February 2003. That is, 78% of Australians aged 15–69 years either worked or looked for work at some time during the year.

Some 85% of males aged 15–69 years participated in the labour force at some time in the 12 months to February 2003. This figure has remained relatively steady since 1993. For females, the proportion participating over the same period has steadily increased from 67% in 1993 to 72% in 2003.

By age group, the highest participation in the labour force in the year ending February 2003 was for persons aged 20–24 years (90%). Labour force participation fell to 48% for persons aged 55–69 years. Males participated at higher rates than females in all age groups except for persons aged 15–19 years in which females participated at a slightly higher rate (73%) than males (71%).

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION IN YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 2003



The majority of people participating in the labour force spent all or most of the year in the labour force. Of the persons who were in the labour force at some time during the year, 71% spent the whole year in the labour force and 16% spent 39 to 51 weeks in the labour force.

PERSONS WHO WORKED AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR

There were 10,198,000 persons who worked at some time during the year ending February 2003. Of these, 5,561,200 (55%) were male and 4,636,900 (45%) were female. Some 70% of these males worked for the entire 52 weeks, compared to 62% of females.

The proportion of males who worked at some time during the year (81%) has remained relatively stable since 1993. The proportion of females who worked at some time has steadily risen throughout that period from 60% in 1993 to 68% in 2003.

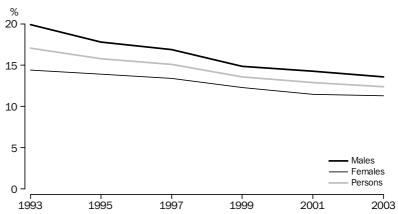
Of those persons who worked at some time during the year ending February 2003:

- 79% of males and 48% of females worked full-time only
- 13% of males and 42% of females worked part-time only
- 8% of males and 10% of females worked a combination of full-time and part-time.

PERSONS WHO LOOKED FOR WORK AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR During the year ending February 2003, 937,800 males and 773,600 females spent some time looking for work.

The proportion of males who looked for work at some time during the year has steadily decreased, from 20% in 1993 to 14% in February 2003. Similarly, the proportion of females has decreased from 14% in 1993 to 11% for the 12 months ending February 2003.

PERSONS WHO LOOKED FOR WORK AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR



Of the 1,711,400 persons who looked for work at some time during the year ending February 2003:

- 53% looked for work for between 1 and 12 weeks
- 28% looked for work for between 13 and 38 weeks
- 8% looked for work for between 39 and 51 weeks
- 11% looked for work for the whole year.

Two-thirds (67%) of persons looking for work during the year had also worked during the year. This proportion has not changed since 2001.

PERSONS WHO WERE NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR There were 6,136,300 persons who were not in the labour force at some time during the year ending February 2003. Of these, 2,472,700 were male and 3,663,600 were female. Almost half (49%) of the people in this group spent no time in the labour force during the year.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS continued

PERSONS WHO WERE NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR continued

The main activities while not in the labour force most commonly reported by males were 'holiday, travel, or leisure activities' (26%), 'attended an educational institution' (25%), and 'retired or voluntarily inactive' (20%). For females, the most commonly reported main activities were 'home duties or child care' (47%) and 'attended an educational institution' (17%).

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1 2 3 4 5	Labour force experience during the year ending March 1993 to February 2003 (number), by sex
PERSONS AGED 15-69 YEARS IN TH	Sex, age group, state or territory of usual residence and level of highest non-school qualification, March 1993 to February 2003
PERSONS AGED 15-69 YEARS WHO 7	WORKED AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR Sex, age group, state or territory of usual residence and level of highest non-school qualification, March 1993 to February 2003 16 Full-time or part-time status of time worked, by sex, by time worked during the year, and number of employers/businesses during the year 17
PERSONS AGED 15-69 YEARS WHO 9 10	Sex, age group, state or territory of usual residence and level of highest non-school qualification, March 1993 to February 2003
PERSONS AGED 15-69 YEARS WHO DURING THE YEAR 11	WERE NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE AT SOME TIME Time not in the labour force during the year, by sex, by main activity when not in the labour force
POPULATIONS 12	State or territory of usual residence, by sex

	MARCH	FEBRUARY				
	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
	000	000	000	000	000	000
	MALES		• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
In the labour force for the whole year	4 314.2	4 234.2	4 318.5	4 345.4	4 357.7	4 420.3
Worked for the whole year	3 463.8	3 516.7	3 616.2	3 748.0	3 799.4	3 893.3
Worked for part of the year(a)	601.3	533.4 184.1	533.4 168.9	436.9 160.4	441.6 116.6	415.9 111.1
Worked for none of the year In the labour force for part of the year	249.1 978.5	1 122.0	1 121.7	1 211.4	1 351.3	1 412.8
Worked for part of the year	805.0	961.8	964.5	1 057.4	1 205.6	1 252.0
Looked for work at some time	206.1	227.4	215.8	222.4	259.1	250.1
Did not look for work	598.9	734.5	748.7	835.0	946.5	1 001.9
Worked for none of the year	173.5	160.1	157.2	154.0	145.7	160.8
In the labour force for none of the year	901.4	868.3	939.8	971.5	1 013.6	1 059.9
Total	6 194.2	6 224.5	6 380.1	6 528.3	6 722.6	6 893.0
In the labour force at some time during the year	5 292.7	5 356.2	5 440.2	5 556.7	5 709.0	5 833.0
Worked at some time during the year	4 870.2	5 011.9	5 114.1	5 242.3	5 446.7	5 561.2
Looked for work at some time during the year	1 229.9	1 105.0	1 075.3	973.8	963.1	937.8
Not in the labour force at some time during the year	1 879.8	1 990.3	2 061.6	2 182.9	2 364.9	2 472.7
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •					
	FEMALE	S				
In the labour force for the whole year	2 665.9	2 657.4	2 851.8	2 881.6	3 052.8	3 192.7
Worked for the whole year	2 259.3	2 295.3	2 465.9	2 533.1	2 762.1	2 872.0
Worked for part of the year(a)	269.2	250.7	277.9	243.0	219.1	249.2
Worked for none of the year	137.4	111.4	107.9	105.5	71.6	71.5
In the labour force for part of the year	1 436.4	r1 627.6	1 574.1	1 639.5	1 705.3	1 729.4
Worked for part of the year	1 175.3	1 365.3	1 328.6	1 401.7	1 464.9	1 515.7
Looked for work at some time	212.4	239.0	219.9	217.3	236.5	239.1
Did not look for work	962.9	1 126.3	1 108.8	1 184.4	1 228.5	1 276.6
Worked for none of the year	261.1	262.3	245.5	237.9	240.4	213.7
In the labour force for none of the year	2 024.8	1 935.5	1 933.4	1 999.9	1 933.2	1 934.2
Total	6 127.1	r6 220.4	6 359.3	6 521.0	6 691.3	6 856.3
In the labour force at some time during the year	4 102.3	4 284.9	4 425.9	4 521.1	4 758.1	4 922.1
Worked at some time during the year	3 703.8	3 911.2	4 072.5	4 177.7	4 446.0	4 636.9
Looked for work at some time during the year	880.1	863.4	851.2	803.7	767.6	773.6
Not in the labour force at some time during the year	3 461.2	3 563.0	3 507.5	3 639.4	3 638.6	3 663.6
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	PERSON	S	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
In the labour force for the whole year	6 980.2	6 891.6	7 170.3	7 227.0	7 410.4	7 613.0
Worked for the whole year	5 723.2	5 812.0	6 082.1	6 281.0	6 561.5	6 765.3
Worked for part of the year(a)	870.5	784.1	811.3	679.9	660.7	665.1
Worked for none of the year	386.5	295.5	276.9	266.0	188.3	182.6
In the labour force for part of the year	2 414.8	2 749.5	2 695.8	2 850.9	3 056.7	3 142.2
Worked for part of the year	1 980.3	2 327.1	2 293.1	2 459.1	2 670.6	2 767.6
Looked for work at some time	418.5	466.3	435.7	439.7	495.6	489.1
Did not look for work	1 561.8	1 860.7	1 857.5	2 019.4	2 175.0	2 278.5
Worked for none of the year In the labour force for none of the year	434.6 2 926.2	422.5 2 803.8	402.7 2 873.2	391.9 2 971.4	386.1 2 946.8	374.5 2 994.2
•						
Total	12 321.2	12 444.9	12 739.3	13 049.3	13 413.9	13 749.3
In the labour force at some time during the year	9 395.0	9 641.1	9 866.1	10 077.9	10 467.1	10 755.2
Worked at some time during the year	8 574.0	8 923.1	9 186.6	9 420.0	9 892.7	10 198.0
Looked for work at some time during the year Not in the labour force at some time during the year	2 110.1	1 968.4	1 926.5	1 777.5	1 730.6	1 711.4
ivot in the labour lorce at some time during the year	5 341.0	5 553.3	5 569.0	5 822.3	6 003.5	6 136.3

r revised

⁽a) Worked for part of the year, looked for work the rest of the year.

	MARCH	FEBRU/	ARY			
	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003
	%	%	%	%	%	%
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •
MAL	ES					
In the labour force for the whole year	69.7	68.0	67.7	66.6	64.8	64.1
Worked for the whole year	55.9	56.5	56.7	57.4	56.5	56.5
Worked for part of the year(a)	9.7	8.6	8.4	6.7	6.6	6.0
Worked for none of the year In the labour force for part of the year	4.0 15.8	3.0 18.0	2.6 17.6	2.5 18.6	1.7 20.1	1.6 20.5
Worked for part of the year	13.0	15.5	15.1	16.2	17.9	18.2
Looked for work at some time	3.3	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.9	3.6
Did not look for work	9.7	11.8	11.7	12.8	14.1	14.5
Worked for none of the year	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.3
In the labour force for none of the year	14.6	14.0	14.7	14.9	15.1	15.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In the labour force at some time during the year	85.4	86.0	85.3	85.1	84.9	84.6
Worked at some time during the year	78.6	80.5	80.2	80.3	81.0	80.7
Looked for work at some time during the year	19.9	17.8	16.9	14.9	14.3 35.2	13.6
Not in the labour force at some time during the year	30.3	32.0	32.3	33.4	35.2	35.9
		• • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •
FEMA	LES					
In the labour force for the whole year	43.5	42.7	44.8	44.2	45.6	46.6
Worked for the whole year	36.9	36.9	38.8	38.8	41.3	41.9
Worked for part of the year(a)	4.4	4.0	4.4	3.7	3.3	3.6
Worked for none of the year In the labour force for part of the year	2.2 23.4	1.8 26.2	1.7 24.8	1.6 25.1	1.1 25.5	1.0 25.2
Worked for part of the year	19.2	21.9	20.9	21.5	21.9	22.1
Looked for work at some time	3.5	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.5
Did not look for work	15.7	18.1	17.4	18.2	18.4	18.6
Worked for none of the year	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.1
In the labour force for none of the year	33.0	31.1	30.4	30.7	28.9	28.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In the labour force at some time during the year	67.0	68.9	69.6	69.3	71.1	71.8
Worked at some time during the year	60.4	62.9	64.0	64.1	66.4	67.6
Looked for work at some time during the year	14.4	13.9	13.4	12.3 55.8	11.5 54.4	11.3 53.4
Not in the labour force at some time during the year	56.5	57.3	55.2	55.6	34.4	55.4
PERS	ONS	• • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •
In the labour force for the whole year	56.7	55.4	56.3	55.4	55.2	55.4
Worked for the whole year	r46.4	46.7	47.7	48.1	48.9	49.2
Worked for part of the year(a)	7.1	6.3	6.4	5.2	4.9	4.8
Worked for none of the year	3.1	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.4	1.3
In the labour force for part of the year	19.6	22.1	21.2	21.8	22.8	22.9
Worked for part of the year Looked for work at some time	16.1 3.4	18.7 3.7	18.0 3.4	18.8 3.4	19.9 3.7	20.1 3.6
Did not look for work	12.7	15.0	14.6	15.5	16.2	16.6
Worked for none of the year	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.7
In the labour force for none of the year	23.7	22.5	22.6	22.8	22.0	21.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In the labour force at some time during the year	76.3	77.5	77.4	77.2	78.0	78.2
Worked at some time during the year	69.6	71.7	72.1	72.2	73.7	74.2
Looked for work at some time during the year	17.1	15.8	15.1	13.6	12.9	12.4
Not in the labour force at some time during the year	43.3	44.6	43.7	44.6	44.8	44.6

⁽a) Worked for part of the year, looked for work the rest of the year.

	Males	Females	Persons
	'000	'000	'000
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •
Time in the labour force during the year			
In the labour force at some time during the year	5 833.0	4 922.1	10 755.2
1 to under 4 weeks	71.1	111.0	182.1
4 to under 13 weeks	179.0	242.5	421.6
13 to under 26 weeks	142.0	222.1	364.2
26 to under 39 weeks	185.0	273.9	458.9
39 to under 52 weeks	835.6	879.8	1 715.4
52 weeks	4 420.3	3 192.7	7 613.0
In the labour force for none of the year	1 059.9	1 934.2	2 994.2
Time worked during the year			
Worked at some time during the year	5 561.2	4 636.9	10 198.0
1 to under 4 weeks	65.9	61.9	127.7
4 to under 13 weeks	175.3	206.6	381.9
13 to under 26 weeks	181.8	239.0	420.8
26 to under 39 weeks	285.9	315.8	601.6
39 to under 52 weeks	958.9	941.7	1 900.6
52 weeks	3 893.3	2 872.0	6 765.3
Worked for none of the year	1 331.8	2 219.5	3 551.3
Full-time or part-time status of time worked			
Worked at some time during the year	5 561.2	4 636.9	10 198.0
All full-time	4 371.5	2 225.1	6 596.6
More full-time than part-time	296.0	235.9	531.9
Full-time same as part-time	30.9	35.5	66.4
More part-time than full-time	126.5	211.1	337.6
All part-time	736.4	1 929.2	2 665.6
Worked for none of the year	1 331.8	2 219.5	3 551.3
Number of employers/businesses during the year(a)			
None	1 331.8	2 219.5	3 551.3
One	4 378.8	3 555.6	7 934.5
Two	921.8	839.8	1 761.6
Three	174.4	167.5	341.9
Four or more	86.1	74.0	160.1
Time spent looking for work during the year			
Looked for work at some time during the year	937.8	773.6	1 711.4
1 to under 4 weeks	139.0	171.2	310.2
4 to under 13 weeks	324.9	276.7	601.6
13 to under 26 weeks	158.2	115.9	274.1
26 to under 39 weeks	125.8	85.3	211.1
39 to under 52 weeks	78.7	53.0	131.7
52 weeks	111.1	71.5	182.6
Did not look for work during the year	5 955.2	6 082.8	12 038.0
Number of spells of looking for work during the year			
None	5 955.2	6 082.8	12 038.0
One	681.6	585.7	1 267.3
Two	89.3	78.1	167.4
Three	64.5	48.9	113.4
Four or more	102.3	60.9	163.2
Total	6 893.0	6 856.3	13 749.3

⁽a) Calculated differently from previous years. See paragraph 18 of the Explanatory Notes.



ALL PERSONS, Labour force experience during the year ending February 2003—Personal characteristics

	In the labour force at some time during the year	Worked at some time during the year	Looked for work at some time during the year	Not in the labour force at some time during the year	In the labour force for none of the year	Total
	'000	'000	'000	1000	'000	'000
		MALES				
Age group (years)						
15–19	489.4	410.1	179.9	504.1	199.0	688.4
20–24	651.3	610.1	171.0	261.6	50.5	701.8
25–34	1 361.8	1 315.6	228.0	349.8	64.8	1 426.6
35–44	1 360.1	1 318.8	169.9	315.9	82.4	1 442.5
45–54	1 209.1	1 174.6	122.4	297.9	113.0	1 322.1
55–64	677.2	648.7	65.0	455.2	298.4	975.6
65–69	84.2	83.2	*1.5	288.2	251.8	336.0
Marital status						
Married	3 585.0	3 505.4	362.2	1 210.5	555.8	4 140.7
Not married	2 248.1	2 055.8	575.6	1 262.3	504.2	2 752.3
Relationship in household						
Family member	4 775.7	4 563.4	714.8	1 980.2	844.1	5 619.9
Husband, wife or partner	3 516.7	3 439.0	354.4	1 183.8	543.6	4 060.3
With dependants	1 960.4	1 912.4	208.7	426.8	109.1	2 069.5
Without dependants	1 556.3	1 526.6	145.8	757.0	434.5	1 990.8
Lone parent	103.7	94.2	22.8	52.7	27.4	131.1
With dependants	69.6	62.2	18.3	39.2	19.5	89.1
Without dependants	34.1	32.0	*4.6	13.5	7.9	42.0
·						
Dependent student	289.9	236.6	98.5	402.6	185.2	475.0
Non-dependent child	747.3	686.6	204.9	279.0	64.2	811.5
Other family person	118.2	107.0	34.1	62.0	23.8	141.9
Non-family member	900.2	851.8	184.4	407.3	180.5	1 080.7
Lone person	550.8	520.0	100.6	257.3	129.4	680.2
Not living alone	349.4	331.9	83.9	150.0	51.1	400.5
Relationship not determined	157.1	145.9	38.6	85.2	35.3	192.4
Total	5 833.0	5 561.2	937.8	2 472.7	1 059.9	6 893.0

estimate has a relative standard error of between 25% and 50% and should be used with caution



ALL PERSONS, Labour force experience during the year ending February 2003—Personal characteristics *continued*

				Not in the		
	In the		Looked for	labour	In the	
	labour force	Worked at	work at	force at	labour	
	at some	some time	some time	some time	force for	
	time during	during the	during the	during the	none of	
	the year	year	year	year	the year	Total
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
		FEMALE:	S			
Age group (years)						
15–19	475.6	409.8	164.6	487.0	172.8	648.4
20–24	599.0	556.7	148.8	314.3	87.8	686.8
25–34	1 142.1	1 081.4	185.3	690.3	294.5	1 436.6
35–44	1 172.5	1 107.9	146.1	671.0	291.9	1 464.4
45–54	1 052.2	1 015.1	98.0	530.3	271.1	1 323.3
55–64	440.8	427.5	28.9	647.1	509.4	950.3
65–69	39.8	38.4	*1.7	323.7	306.8	346.6
Marital status						
Married	2 946.7	2 832.3	304.5	2 181.6	1 239.9	4 186.7
Not married	1 975.4	1 804.5	469.1	1 482.0	694.3	2 669.7
Relationship in household						
Family member	4 156.7	3 914.3	631.7	3 153.0	1 649.1	5 805.8
Husband, wife or partner	2 872.5	2 760.6	296.4	2 126.0	1 208.9	4 081.4
With dependants	1 488.6	1 413.8	158.2	1 057.1	504.5	1 993.1
Without dependants	1 383.9	1 346.9	138.2	1 069.0	704.4	2 088.3
Lone parent	405.1	349.3	103.4	379.1	210.3	615.4
With dependants	335.2	284.7	91.9	313.9	159.1	494.3
Without dependants	69.9	64.7	11.5	65.2	51.2	121.1
Dependent student	340.8	297.8	96.1	392.0	143.7	484.5
Non-dependent child	448.3	424.5	108.5	184.5	43.7	492.1
Other family person	89.9	82.0	27.3	71.4	42.5	132.4
Non-family member	628.0	597.4	109.3	405.2	232.6	860.7
Lone person	373.9	357.2	53.4	284.3	193.7	567.6
Not living alone	254.2	240.2	55.8	120.9	38.9	293.1
Relationship not determined	137.4	125.1	32.6	105.4	52.5	189.9
Total	4 922.1	4 636.9	773.6	3 663.6	1 934.2	6 856.3

^{*} estimate has a relative standard error of between 25% and 50% and should be used with caution



ALL PERSONS, Labour force experience during the year ending February 2003—Personal characteristics continued

••••••	In the labour force at some time during the year '000	Worked at some time during the year	Looked for work at some time during the year '000	Not in the labour force at some time during the year '000	In the labour force for none of the year	Total '000
		PERSON	S			
Age group (years) 15–19 20–24 25–34 35–44 45–54 55–64 65–69 Marital status	965.0	820.0	344.5	991.1	371.9	1 336.8
	1 250.3	1 166.8	319.8	575.9	138.3	1 388.6
	2 503.9	2 397.0	413.3	1 040.1	359.3	2 863.2
	2 532.6	2 426.6	316.1	987.0	374.3	2 906.9
	2 261.3	2 189.7	220.5	828.2	384.1	2 645.4
	1 118.0	1 076.2	93.9	1 102.3	807.8	1 925.8
	124.1	121.6	*3.3	611.8	558.5	682.6
Married Not married	6 531.7	6 337.7	666.7	3 392.1	1 795.7	8 327.4
	4 223.5	3 860.3	1 044.6	2 744.2	1 198.5	5 421.9
Relationship in household Family member Husband, wife or partner With dependants Without dependants	8 932.4	8 477.8	1 346.5	5 133.2	2 493.2	11 425.6
	6 389.2	6 199.6	650.8	3 309.8	1 752.5	8 141.7
	3 448.9	3 326.1	366.9	1 483.9	613.6	4 062.6
	2 940.3	2 873.5	284.0	1 826.0	1 138.9	4 079.1
Lone parent With dependants Without dependants	508.8	443.5	126.3	431.8	237.7	746.6
	404.8	346.9	110.2	353.1	178.6	583.4
	104.0	96.6	16.0	78.7	59.1	163.2
Dependent student	630.7	534.4	194.6	794.6	328.9	959.5
Non-dependent child	1 195.6	1 111.2	313.3	463.5	107.9	1 303.6
Other family person	208.1	189.0	61.5	133.4	66.2	274.3
Non-family member	1 528.3	1 449.2	293.7	812.6	413.1	1 941.4
Lone person	924.7	877.2	154.0	541.6	323.1	1 247.9
Not living alone	603.6	572.1	139.7	270.9	90.0	693.5
Relationship not determined	294.5	271.0	71.2	190.6	87.8	382.3
Total	10 755.2	10 198.0	1 711.4	6 136.3	2 994.2	13 749.3

estimate has a relative standard error of between 25% and 50% and should be used with caution



	AGE GRO	UP (YEARS)					
	15–19	20–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–69	Total
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	MALES	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •
Time in the labour force during the year								
In the labour force at some time during the year	489.4	651.3	1 361.8	1 360.1	1 209.1	677.2	84.2	5 833.0
1 to under 4 weeks	36.2	8.5	5.7	7.0	5.2	5.6	*2.9	71.1
4 to under 13 weeks	86.7	30.9	20.7	11.3	10.5	14.5	*4.4	179.0
13 to under 26 weeks	54.1	26.9	16.7	16.1	10.4	12.3	5.6	142.0
26 to under 39 weeks	38.8	32.0	39.1	25.0	21.0	21.4	7.6	185.0
39 to under 52 weeks	89.4	112.9	202.7	174.1	137.7	102.9	16.0	835.6
52 weeks	184.3	440.2	1 076.8	1 126.6	1 024.2	520.4	47.8	4 420.3
In the labour force for none of the year	199.0	50.5	64.8	82.4	113.0	298.4	251.8	1 059.9
Total	688.4	701.8	1 426.6	1 442.5	1 322.1	975.6	336.0	6 893.0
			• • • • • •					• • • • • •
	F	EMALES	3					
Time in the labour force during the year								
In the labour force at some time during the year	475.6	599.0	1 142.1	1 172.5	1 052.2	440.8	39.8	4 922.1
1 to under 4 weeks	26.9	14.5	23.3	25.4	10.7	8.3	*2.0	111.0
4 to under 13 weeks	70.0	32.3	53.3	44.8	22.5	16.9	*2.7	242.5
13 to under 26 weeks	55.1	29.9	49.1	46.1	23.3	16.3	*2.4	222.1
26 to under 39 weeks	43.5	34.7	77.7	55.5	35.3	24.5	*2.8	273.9
39 to under 52 weeks	118.6	115.2	192.4	207.4	167.5	71.8	7.0	879.8
52 weeks	161.5	372.5	746.3	793.4	793.0	303.2	22.9	3 192.7
In the labour force for none of the year	172.8	87.8	294.5	291.9	271.1	509.4	306.8	1 934.2
Total	648.4	686.8	1 436.6	1 464.4	1 323.3	950.3	346.6	6 856.3
	Р	ERSONS	3					
Time in the labour force during the year								
In the labour force at some time during the year	965.0	1 250.3	2 503.9	2 532.6	2 261.3	1 118.0	124.1	10 755.2
1 to under 4 weeks	63.1	23.0	29.0	32.4	15.9	13.9	*4.9	182.1
4 to under 13 weeks	156.7	63.2	74.0	56.2	33.0	31.4	7.0	421.6
13 to under 26 weeks	109.2	56.8	65.8	62.2	33.7	28.6	7.9	364.2
26 to under 39 weeks	82.3	66.6	116.8	80.5	56.3	45.9	10.4	458.9
39 to under 52 weeks	207.9	228.0	395.1	381.5	305.2	174.7	23.0	1 715.4
52 weeks	345.8	812.7	1 823.1	1 920.0	1 817.1	823.5	70.8	7 613.0
In the labour force for none of the year	371.9	138.3	359.3	374.3	384.1	807.8	558.5	2 994.2
Total	1 336.8	1 388.6	2 863.2	2 906.9	2 645.4	1 925.8	682.6	13 749.3

estimate has a relative standard error of between 25% and 50% and should be used with caution



PERSONS IN THE LABOUR FORCE AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 1993 TO FEBRUARY 2003, Selected characteristics

	MARCH	FEBRUARY	,			

	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
Sex						
Males	5 292.7	5 356.2	5 440.2	5 556.7	5 709.0	5 833.0
Females	4 102.3	4 284.9	4 425.9	4 521.1	4 758.1	4 922.1
Age group (years)						
15–19	871.1	921.8	897.5	930.7	982.6	965.0
20–24	1 285.4	1 287.6	1 223.1	1 195.4	1 224.2	1 250.3
25–34	2 405.9	2 425.7	2 474.1	2 464.7	2 502.8	2 503.9
35–44	2 327.1	2 342.4	2 412.9	2 474.6	2 522.1	2 532.6
45–54	1 690.3	1 803.0	1 955.0	2 063.0	2 165.6	2 261.3
55–64	734.4	764.4	799.4	845.5	960.7	1 118.0
65–69	81.0	96.2	104.2	104.1	109.2	124.1
State or territory of usual residence						
New South Wales	3 078.8	3 211.0	3 282.5	3 342.5	3 456.0	3 586.2
Victoria	2 414.0	2 414.1	2 483.1	2 537.5	2 668.3	2 716.9
Queensland	1 674.6	1 765.5	1 818.6	1 879.1	1 953.9	2 039.3
South Australia	781.0	779.3	782.0	778.9	784.4	803.4
Western Australia	943.0	951.4	994.3	1 026.2	1 085.5	1 087.2
Tasmania	233.4	242.9	241.6	238.4	239.7	238.5
Northern Territory(a)	88.6	95.9	81.9	95.6	87.5	90.2
Australian Capital Territory	181.5	181.0	182.3	179.9	191.9	193.4
Level of highest non-school qualification						
With non-school qualifications(b)	na	r4 514.2	5 066.3	5 300.6	5 353.9	5 773.4
Bachelor degree or above	na	1 315.3	1 541.7	1 730.6	1 903.1	2 226.9
Advanced diploma/Diploma or below	na	3 195.9	3 489.4	3 517.1	3 365.2	3 454.4
Without non-school qualifications	na	4 809.3	r4 499.6	4 433.5	4 752.6	4 981.8
Total (c)	9 395.0	9 641.1	9 866.3	10 077.9	10 467.1	10 755.2

na not available

r revised

 ⁽a) Refers to mainly urban areas only. For further information see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) For 1995–2001 includes nursing level unknown and non-school qualifications n.e.c. For 2003 includes level not determined.

⁽c) For 1995–2001, persons still at school were not asked their highest non-school qualification, but were included in the total. In 2003, persons still at school were asked their level of highest non-school qualification.



PERSONS WHO WORKED AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 1993 TO FEBRUARY 2003, Selected characteristics

	MARCH	FEBRUAR	Y			
	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •
Sex						
Males	4 870.2	5 011.9	5 114.1	5 242.3	5 446.7	5 561.2
Females	3 703.8	3 911.2	4 072.5	4 177.7	4 446.0	4 636.9
Age group (years)						
15–19	678.5	752.6	729.3	771.2	825.5	820.0
20–24	1 145.6	1 180.2	1 116.8	1 098.3	1 140.6	1 166.8
25–34	2 232.1	2 276.2	2 338.3	2 334.8	2 392.2	2 397.0
35–44	2 177.7	2 208.8	2 285.5	2 348.8	2 415.6	2 426.6
45–54	1 590.7	1 711.1	1 867.6	1 964.6	2 090.6	2 189.7
55–64	670.9	702.2	747.2	800.0	922.6	1 076.2
65–69	78.5	92.0	101.9	102.3	105.6	121.6
State or territory of usual residence						
New South Wales	2 792.4	2 953.7	3 049.3	3 125.5	3 276.4	3 389.6
Victoria	2 173.2	2 215.1	2 297.7	2 364.6	2 526.8	2 602.0
Queensland	1 555.4	1 657.2	1 702.1	1 760.7	1 834.0	1 922.4
South Australia	711.7	718.3	723.0	724.1	736.9	758.4
Western Australia	880.1	897.3	944.2	968.3	1 031.6	1 035.5
Tasmania	210.4	220.1	222.0	215.9	220.7	217.9
Northern Territory(a)	83.0	90.7	77.5	92.2	83.5	87.2
Australian Capital Territory	167.8	170.6	170.6	168.7	182.7	185.1
Level of highest non-school qualification						
With non-school qualifications(b)	na	4 315.6	4 852.5	5 082.6	5 201.8	5 599.7
Bachelor degree or above	na	1 266.8	1 495.9	1 683.8	1 870.2	2 175.1
Advanced diploma/Diploma or below	na	3 045.8	3 323.6	3 347.0	3 247.9	3 334.7
Without non-school qualifications	na	4 366.4	r4 107.8	4 074.8	4 407.7	4 598.3
Total (c)	8 574.0	8 923.1	9 186.6	9 420.0	9 892.7	10 198.0

na not available

r revised

 ⁽a) Refers to mainly urban areas only. For further information see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) For 1995–2001 includes nursing level unknown and non-school qualifications n.e.c. For 2003 includes level not determined.

⁽c) For 1995–2001, persons still at school were not asked their highest non-school qualification, but were included in the total. In 2003, persons still at school were asked their level of highest non-school qualification.



PERSONS WHO WORKED AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 2003,

Full-time or part-time status—By employment characteristics

FIII L-TIME	ΛR	PART-TIME	SIITATS	ΩF	TIME	WORKED
LOFF- LIME	Uπ	PARI-IIIVIE	SIAIUS	UΓ	IIIVIL	WORKED

	••••••	••••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	••••••
		Moro		Moro		
		More full-time	Full-time	More		
	AII			part-time	AII	
	All	than	same as	than	All	Total
	full-time	part-time	part-time	full-time	part-time	Total
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
		• • • • • • • •				
	MALE	S				
Time worked during the year						
1 to under 4 weeks	27.7	**0.8		**0.4	37.0	65.9
4 to under 13 weeks	66.1	6.0	*1.8	5.3	96.1	175.3
13 to under 26 weeks	80.7		*1.7			
		14.4		9.5	75.6	181.8
26 to under 39 weeks	150.5	25.4	*4.1	18.1	87.8	285.9
39 to under 52 weeks	571.1	136.8	*3.4	47.2	200.4	958.9
52 weeks	3 475.2	112.7	19.9	46.0	239.5	3 893.3
Number of employers/businesses during the year(a)						
One	3 616.5	146.6	12.4	55.2	548.1	4 378.8
Two	628.5	98.2	11.4	46.4	137.3	921.8
Three	87.5	32.1	*4.9	16.5	33.4	174.4
Four or more	39.0	19.1	*2.2	8.3	17.6	86.1
Total	4 371.5	296.0	30.9	126.5	736.4	5 561.2
	FEMAL	FS		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	
	ILWIAL	LO				
Time worked during the year						
1 to under 4 weeks	15.4	**0.2	**0.6	_	45.7	61.9
4 to under 13 weeks	49.5	*4.7	*1.8	*3.7	146.9	206.6
13 to under 26 weeks	62.4	11.1	*1.3	11.0	153.1	239.0
26 to under 39 weeks	89.4	21.7	*3.7	28.6	172.4	315.8
39 to under 52 weeks	264.8	85.6	*2.6	67.9	520.9	941.7
52 weeks	1 743.6	112.6	25.7	99.9	890.2	2 872.0
Number of employers/businesses during the year(a)						
One	1 842.9	110.8	19.2	108.8	1 474.0	3 555.6
Two	315.5	78.1	12.0	73.6	360.5	839.8
Three	49.0	30.9	*2.5	19.9	65.3	167.5
Four or more	17.8	16.1	*1.9	8.8	29.4	74.0
Total	2 225.1	235.9	35.5	211.1	1 929.2	4 636.9
7000		200.0	00.0		1 020.2	, 000.0
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
	PERSO	N S				
Time worked during the year						
1 to under 4 weeks	43.1	*1.0	**0.6	**0.4	82.6	127.7
4 to under 13 weeks	115.6	10.7	*3.6	9.0	243.0	381.9
13 to under 26 weeks	143.2	25.5	*2.9	20.5	228.7	420.8
26 to under 39 weeks	239.9	47.1	7.8	46.7	260.2	601.6
39 to under 52 weeks	835.9	222.4	6.0	115.1	721.3	1 900.6
52 weeks	5 218.8	225.3	45.5	145.9	1 129.7	6 765.3
Number of employers/businesses during the year(a)						
	5 459.4	257.4	21.6	164.0	2 022.1	7 934.5
One Two		257.4 176.3	31.6 23.4	120.1	497.8	
	944.0					1 761.6
Three Four or more	136.4 56.8	63.0 35.2	7.4 *4.1	36.4 17.1	98.7 47.0	341.9 160.1
Tour or more	50.0	33.2	4.1	11.1	41.0	100.1
Total	6 596.6	531.9	66.4	337.6	2 665.6	10 198.0

estimate has a relative standard error greater than 50%
 and is considered too unreliable for general use
 nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)
 (a) Calculated differently from previous years. See

paragraph 18 of the Explanatory Notes.



PERSONS WHO LOOKED FOR WORK AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 1993 TO FEBRUARY 2003, Selected characteristics

	MARCH	FEBRUAR	Υ			
	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •
Sex						
Males	1 229.9	1 105.0	1 075.3	973.8	963.1	937.8
Females	880.1	863.4	851.2	803.7	767.6	773.6
Age group (years)						
15–19	396.9	378.2	360.8	348.7	358.0	344.5
20–24	421.0	400.2	369.1	333.5	296.3	319.8
25–34	531.2	468.8	480.7	425.0	402.5	413.3
35–44	400.0	365.6	360.8	329.9	339.8	316.1
45–54	244.1	231.2	248.6	240.1	237.8	220.5
55–64	112.4	118.8	101.7	97.1	90.0	93.9
65–69	4.5	5.7	4.8	*3.3	6.3	*3.3
State or territory of usual residence						
New South Wales	686.3	633.1	606.1	557.4	502.6	552.6
Victoria	552.6	501.3	497.4	435.2	427.8	409.6
Queensland	395.0	374.1	380.2	357.0	391.5	359.5
South Australia	165.7	168.4	156.7	149.0	130.9	127.2
Western Australia	205.7	183.3	190.3	185.3	189.4	179.6
Tasmania	50.8	56.3	49.7	52.2	46.9	44.2
Northern Territory(a)	20.6	20.4	14.6	13.8	14.6	12.7
Australian Capital Territory	33.4	31.6	31.5	27.5	26.9	26.1
Level of highest non-school qualification						
With non-school qualifications(b)	na	719.8	798.1	731.8	671.3	728.3
Bachelor degree or above	na	170.7	176.7	181.3	183.9	231.3
Advanced diploma/Diploma or below	na	548.9	615.7	545.9	473.3	486.5
Without non-school qualifications	na	1 126.2	r1 012.3	914.5	928.0	983.0
Total (c)	2 110.1	1 968.4	1 926.5	1 777.5	1 730.6	1 711.4

^{25%} and 50% and should be used with caution

na not available

revised

⁽a) Refers to mainly urban areas only. For further information see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

estimate has a relative standard error of between (b) For 1995–2001 includes nursing level unknown and non-school qualifications n.e.c. For 2003 includes level not determined.

⁽c) For 1995–2001, persons still at school were not asked their highest non-school qualification, but were included in the total. In 2003, persons still at school were asked their level of highest non-school qualification.



PERSONS WHO LOOKED FOR WORK AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 2003, Age group—By selected labour force characteristics

AGE GROUP (YEARS) 15-19 20-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-69 Total MALES Time spent looking for work during the year 1 to under 4 weeks '000 38.8 27.2 31.0 20.9 12.4 8.8 139.0 4 to under 13 weeks '000 69.8 62.1 85.5 60.3 32.3 14.9 324.9 13 to under 26 weeks 000 27.7 30.0 33.7 31.9 24.7 10.3 158.2 26 to under 39 weeks '000 125.8 18.0 22.4 36.2 19.1 22.5 7.7 39 to under 52 weeks '000 15.4 78.7 13.0 17.0 14.7 10.4 8.3 52 weeks '000 12.6 13.9 24.7 23.1 20.3 16.5 111.1 Number of spells of looking for work during the year One 000 140.6 122.2 162.2 117.5 88.4 50.6 681.6 Two '000 13.5 27.5 16.0 10.8 *4.0 89.3 17.5 Three 000 11.4 14.9 13.7 13.0 7.5 *3.9 64.5 Four or more '000 14.3 16.4 24.6 23.4 15.6 8.0 102.3 Time worked during the year 100.7 665.9 Worked at some time during the year '000 129.8 121 2 128 6 88 N 37 1 1 to under 4 weeks 000 11.1 *4.1 *4.3 6.2 *1.9 *2.6 30.1 4 to under 13 weeks '000 22.7 14.8 *3.5 76.4 17.1 11.0 7.4 13 to under 26 weeks '000 20.2 20.5 23.7 12.8 15.9 *3.8 96.9 26 to under 39 weeks '000 21.5 32.2 43.9 34.6 26.3 10.5 169.1 39 to under 52 weeks '000 25.1 56.0 95.1 64.0 36.5 16.7 293.4 Worked for none of the year '000 79.2 41.2 46.2 41.4 34.5 29.5 271.9 '000 Total 179.9 228.0 169.9 122.4 66.5 171.0 937.8 Mean duration of time spent looking for work weeks 15.6 18.1 19.2 20.4 23.8 26.6 19.7 Median duration of time spent looking for work weeks 10 12 12 13 22 23 13 **FEMALES** Time spent looking for work during the year 1 to under 4 weeks '000 44.9 34.0 43.1 27.2 17.3 *4.8 171.2 4 to under 13 weeks '000 63.4 55.3 68.9 48.7 29.4 11.0 276.7 13 to under 26 weeks '000 20.9 24.0 28.7 23.0 14.1 5.3 115.9 26 to under 39 weeks 000 15.6 20.2 17.0 18.2 11.0 *3.3 85.3 39 to under 52 weeks '000 8.5 10.1 13.3 9.8 9.9 *1.4 53.0 52 weeks '000 11.4 8.5 13.1 17.3 16.4 *4.8 71.5 Number of spells of looking for work during the year One 000 126.6 117.4 135.7 107.3 76.8 21.9 585.7 '000 16.0 14.4 18.0 17.2 *1.9 78.1 Two 10.5 Three $^{1}\Omega\Omega\Omega$ 9.9 9.2 13 9 10.0 *2.8 *21 48.9 Four or more '000 12.2 7.8 17.8 11.7 7.9 *3.6 60.9 Time worked during the year '000 Worked at some time during the year 98.9 106.5 124.7 81.5 61.0 15.8 488.3 1 to under 4 weeks *4.9 **0.7 '000 *3.4 *2.8 *2.8 *2.1 16.6 4 to under 13 weeks '000 15.9 10.3 14.7 9.3 8.1 *2.2 60.4 13 to under 26 weeks '000 21.7 16.5 19.5 9.5 *1.7 83.6 14.6 26 to under 39 weeks '000 22.2 25.8 32.3 19.5 14.0 5.4 119.1 39 to under 52 weeks '000 34.2 52.5 58.4 30.4 27.3 5.8 208.6 65.8 42.3 60.7 64.7 37.1 285.3 Worked for none of the year 000 14.8 '000 164.6 148.8 185.3 146.1 98.0 30.6 773.6 Total 14.0 14.9 15.4 18.7 21.4 19.2 16.5 Mean duration of time spent looking for work weeks Median duration of time spent looking for work weeks 9 8 12 13 12 10

estimate has a relative standard error of between 25% and 50% and should be used with caution

^{**} estimate has a relative standard error greater than 50% and is considered too unreliable for general use



PERSONS WHO LOOKED FOR WORK AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 2003, Age group—By selected labour force characteristics *continued*

		AGE GROUP (YEARS)						
		15–19	20-24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–69	Total
	PFI	RSONS	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •
Time spent looking for work during the year								
1 to under 4 weeks	'000	83.7	61.2	74.1	48.0	29.6	13.7	310.2
4 to under 13 weeks	'000	133.2	117.5	154.4	109.0	61.6	25.9	601.6
13 to under 26 weeks	'000	48.6	54.0	62.4	54.8	38.8	15.6	274.1
26 to under 39 weeks	'000	33.6	39.3	54.4	39.3	33.4	11.0	211.1
39 to under 52 weeks	'000	21.5	25.5	30.3	24.5	20.4	9.6	131.7
52 weeks	'000	24.0	22.4	37.8	40.4	36.6	21.3	182.6
Number of spells of looking for work during the year								
One	'000	267.2	239.6	297.9	224.8	165.2	72.6	1 267.3
Two	'000	29.6	31.9	45.5	33.2	21.4	5.9	167.4
Three	'000	21.3	24.1	27.6	23.0	10.4	7.0	113.4
Four or more	'000	26.5	24.3	42.3	35.0	23.5	11.6	163.2
Time worked during the year								
Worked at some time during the year	'000	199.6	236.3	306.5	210.0	148.9	52.9	1 154.2
1 to under 4 weeks	'000	16.0	7.4	7.1	9.0	*4.0	*3.2	46.7
4 to under 13 weeks	'000	38.7	27.3	29.5	20.2	15.5	5.7	136.9
13 to under 26 weeks	'000	41.9	35.1	40.2	32.3	25.4	5.6	180.4
26 to under 39 weeks	'000	43.7	58.0	76.2	54.2	40.3	15.9	288.2
39 to under 52 weeks	'000	59.3	108.5	153.5	94.3	63.8	22.5	502.0
Worked for none of the year	'000	145.0	83.5	106.8	106.0	71.5	44.2	557.1
Total	'000	344.5	319.8	413.3	316.1	220.5	97.1	1 711.4
Mean duration of time spent looking for work	weeks	14.8	16.6	17.5	19.6	22.7	24.3	18.2
Median duration of time spent looking for work	weeks	8	10	11	13	18	19	12

^{*} estimate has a relative standard error of between 25% and 50% and should be used with caution



PERSONS WHO WERE NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 2003, Main activity

	TIME NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE DURING THE YEAR							
	1 to under	4 to under	13 to under	26 to under	39 to			
	4	13	26	39	52	52		
	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	Total	
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	M.	ALES	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	
Main activity when not in the labour force								
Retired or voluntarily inactive	15.2	27.1	15.7	20.0	22.4	392.7	493.0	
Home duties or child care	15.6	26.5	17.6	13.3	16.1	65.5	154.5	
Attended an educational institution	14.2	51.5	51.1	79.1	180.3	251.6	627.9	
Own illness or injury	30.3	34.6	22.7	18.0	15.4	135.7	256.8	
Own disability or handicap	**0.4	*1.1	*1.3	*2.7	6.7	130.9	143.0	
Looking after ill or disabled person	*5.1	*5.1	*3.2	*2.4	*2.7	26.4	44.9	
Holiday, travel, or leisure activities	286.4	244.3	36.2	21.9	20.6	30.2	639.7	
Worked in an unpaid voluntary job	*1.0	*3.8	*5.0	*3.1	*3.7	16.5	33.0	
Other	15.7	29.4	10.3	8.3	5.7	10.4	79.9	
Total	383.8	423.5	163.0	168.8	273.6	1 059.9	2 472.7	
•••••	• • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •		
	FEN	MALES						
Main activity when not in the labour force								
Retired or voluntarily inactive	8.9	11.4	9.2	12.8	14.2	353.9	410.4	
Home duties or child care	43.1	157.1	117.8	127.9	180.5	1 099.6	1 726.1	
Attended an educational institution	16.7	80.6	54.5	86.4	150.5	229.6	618.3	
Own illness or injury	26.2	29.6	13.0	7.6	10.3	75.1	161.8	
Own disability or handicap	**0.2	*0.9	**0.6	*1.3	**0.4	55.0	58.4	
Looking after ill or disabled person	*2.9	8.9	*3.0	5.7	*3.0	59.5	83.0	
Holiday, travel, or leisure activities	222.2	202.8	33.8	17.0	14.8	29.1	519.8	
Worked in an unpaid voluntary job	*1.0	*4.2	**0.8	5.5	5.2	28.5	45.2	
Other	8.1	13.7	6.1	*4.7	*4.1	*3.8	40.5	
Total	329.3	509.3	238.9	269.0	382.9	1 934.2	3 663.6	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	PFF	RSONS	• • • • • •		• • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	
Main activity when not in the labour force								
Retired or voluntarily inactive	24.1	38.4	24.9	32.8	36.6	746.6	903.5	
Home duties or child care	58.7	183.6	135.4	141.2	196.5	1 165.1	1 880.6	
Attended an educational institution	30.9	132.1	105.6	165.6	330.8	481.3	1 246.2	
Own illness or injury	56.5	64.3	35.8	25.6	25.7	210.8	418.6	
Own disability or handicap	**0.6	*2.1	*1.9	*4.0	7.0	185.9	201.5	
Looking after ill or disabled person	8.0	14.0	6.1	8.1	5.7	86.0	127.9	
Holiday, travel, or leisure activities	508.6	447.2	70.0	38.9	35.5	59.3	1 159.5	
Worked in an unpaid voluntary job	*2.0	7.9	5.8	8.6	8.9	45.0	78.2	
Other	23.8	43.2	16.5	13.0	9.8	14.2	120.4	
Total	713.1	932.8	401.9	437.8	656.5	2 994.2	6 136.3	



POPULATIONS BY STATE OR TERRITORY OF USUAL RESIDENCE—February 2003

	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT(a)	ACT	Aust.
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
••••••	MALES	•••••		• • • • • •		• • • • •	• • • • •		• • • • • •
Population 1 All persons aged 15–69 years	2 339.3	1 746.3	1 271.7	521.0	684.4	161.1	56.1	113.0	6 893.0
Population 2 Persons aged 15–69 years in the labour force at some time during the year ending February 2003	1 961.1	1 469.7	1 091.2	434.6	597.4	128.6	50.3	100.1	5 833.0
Population 3 Persons aged 15–69 years who worked at some time during the year ending February 2003	1 866.9	1 409.2	1 041.8	411.5	571.3	116.3	48.5	95.5	5 561.2
Population 4 Persons aged 15–69 years who looked for work at some time during the year ending February 2003	296.4	221.8	194.0	70.1	105.3	27.0	8.6	14.6	937.8
Population 5 Persons aged 15–69 years who were not in the labour force at some time during the year ending February 2003	823.8	631.0	460.0	198.1	242.0	61.9	18.4	37.5	2 472.7
•••••	FEMALE			• • • • • •		• • • • •	• • • • •		• • • • • •
	TEWALL	. 3							
Population 1 All persons aged 15–69 years	2 303.5	1 748.1	1 282.1	522.1	667.9	164.8	52.1	115.7	6 856.3
Population 2 Persons aged 15–69 years in the labour force at some time during the year ending February 2003	1 625.1	1 247.3	948.0	368.8	489.8	109.9	39.8	93.3	4 922.1
Population 3 Persons aged 15–69 years who worked at some time during the year ending February 2003	1 522.7	1 192.8	880.6	346.8	464.1	101.6	38.7	89.6	4 636.9
Population 4 Persons aged 15–69 years who looked for work at some time during the year ending February 2003	256.2	187.8	165.5	57.1	74.3	17.2	4.1	11.4	773.6
Population 5 Persons aged 15–69 years who were not in the labour force at some time during the year ending February 2003	1 240.5	909.5	689.6	292.6	361.4	94.1	23.8	52.1	3 663.6
			• • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •		• • • • •		• • • • •
	PERSON	15							
Population 1 All persons aged 15–69 years	4 642.9	3 494.4	2 553.8	1 043.0	1 352.3	325.9	108.3	228.7	13 749.3
Population 2 Persons aged 15–69 years in the labour force at some time during the year ending February 2003	3 586.2	2 716.9	2 039.3	803.4	1 087.2	238.5	90.2	193.4	10 755.2
Population 3 Persons aged 15–69 years who worked at some time during the year ending February 2003	3 389.6	2 602.0	1 922.4	758.4	1 035.5	217.9	87.2	185.1	10 198.0
Population 4 Persons aged 15–69 years who looked for work at some time during the year ending February 2003	552.6	409.6	359.5	127.2	179.6	44.2	12.7	26.1	1 711.4
Population 5 Persons aged 15–69 years who were not in the labour force at some time during the year ending February 2003	2 064.3	1 540.5	1 149.6	490.7	603.4	156.0	42.2	89.6	6 136.3
	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •		• • • • •		• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •

⁽a) Refers to mainly urban areas only. For further information see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

- 1 The statistics in this publication were compiled from data collected in the Labour Force Experience Survey conducted throughout Australia in February 2003 as a supplement to the monthly Labour Force Survey (LFS). Respondents to the LFS who fell within the scope of the supplementary survey were asked further questions.
- **2** The publication *Labour Force, Australia* (cat. no. 6202.0) contains information about survey design, sample redesign, scope, coverage and population benchmarks relevant to the monthly LFS, which also apply to supplementary surveys. It also contains definitions of demographic and labour force characteristics, and information about telephone interviewing which are relevant to both the monthly LFS and supplementary surveys.
- **3** From April 2001 the LFS has been conducted using a redesigned questionnaire containing additional questions and some minor definitional changes. These changes also affect the supplementary surveys. For further details, see *Information Paper: Implementing the Redesigned Labour Force Survey Questionnaire* (cat. no. 6295.0) and *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey* (cat. no. 6232.0).

CONCEPTS, SOURCES AND METHODS

4 The conceptual framework used in Australia's Labour Force Survey aligns closely with the standards and guidelines set out in Resolutions of the International Conference of Labour Statisticians. Descriptions of the underlying concepts and structure of Australia's labour force statistics, and the sources and methods used in compiling these estimates, are presented in *Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods* (cat. no. 6102.0) which is also available on the ABS web site http://www.abs.gov.au (About Statistics—Statistical Concepts and Classifications).

SCOPE

- **5** The scope of the LFS was restricted to persons aged 15 years and over and excluded the following persons:
 - members of the permanent defence forces
 - certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations
 - overseas residents in Australia
 - members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants).
- **6** Students at boarding schools, patients in hospitals, residents of homes (e.g. retirement homes, homes for persons with disabilities), and inmates of prisons are excluded from all supplementary surveys.
- 7 This supplementary survey was conducted in both urban and rural areas in all states and territories, but excluded approximately 120,000 persons living in very remote parts of Australia who would otherwise have been within the scope of the survey. The exclusion of these persons will have only a minor impact on any aggregate estimates that are produced for individual states and territories, except the Northern Territory where such persons account for around 20% of the population.
- **8** In addition to those already excluded from the LFS, persons aged 70 years and over and visitors to private dwellings are excluded from this survey.
- **9** The estimates in this publication relate to persons covered by the survey in February 2003. In the LFS, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling and hence has only one chance of selection in the survey. See *Labour Force, Australia* (cat. no. 6202.0) for more details.

COVERAGE

10 Estimates in this publication are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors:

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

 Sampling error is the difference between the published estimate and the value that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. For further information refer to the Technical Note.

EXPLANATORY NOTES continued

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES continued

Non-sampling errors are inaccuracies that occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers, and errors made in coding and processing data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient processing procedures.

SEASONAL FACTORS

11 The estimates are based on information collected in the survey month and, due to seasonal factors, may not be representative of other months of the year.

CLASSIFICATIONS USED

- **12** Occupation data are classified according to the *ASCO—Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, Second Edition* (cat. no. 1220.0).
- **13** Industry data are classified according to the *Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 1993* (cat. no. 1292.0).
- **14** Country of birth data are classified according to the *Standard Australian Classification of Countries (SACC)*, 1998 (cat. no. 1269.0).
- **15** In 2001, the *ABS Classification of Qualifications (ABSCQ)* (cat. no. 1262.0) was replaced by the *Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED)* (cat. no. 1272.0). The ASCED is a national standard classification which can be applied to all sectors of the Australian education system including schools, vocational education and training and higher education. ASCED replaces a number of classifications previously used in administrative and statistical systems, including the ABSCQ. The ASCED comprises two classifications: Level of Education and Field of Education. See Appendix 1 for further information.

NOTES ABOUT THE ESTIMATES

16 A number of changes have occurred since the 2001 survey.

Time worked with current employer/business

17 With the introduction of the new Labour Force Survey questionnaire in April 2001, 'time worked with current employer/business' is now collected in units of months for most persons who had been with their current employer/business for less than 12 months. Previously, this information was collected in units of weeks for all of those who had been with their current employer/business for less than 12 months. As a result, the data item is now available in units of months where it was previously available in weeks.

Number of employers/businesses during the year 18 The data item 'number of employers/businesses during the year' has been derived differently from previous surveys. Prior to 2003, where they could be identified, multiple jobs of multiple job-holders were excluded from this data item. For 2003, all employers/businesses held by all persons are now included. As a result of this change, the data item 'whether ceased a job during the year', which was based on the derivation of 'number of employers/businesses during the year', is not available for 2003.

Implementation of ASCED

19 Data items relating to educational attainment have been affected by the implementation of the *Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED)*. Time series comparisons are available in an aggregated format as presented in tables 6, 7 and 9. Data for 2003, classified according to ASCED, are available at a more detailed level for level of highest non-school qualification, level of highest educational attainment and highest year of school completed. See Appendix 1 for more information on ASCED.

COMPARABILITY OF TIME SERIES

20 Revisions are made to population benchmarks for the LFS after each five-yearly Census of Population and Housing. The last such revision was made in February 1999 to take account of the results of the 1996 Census of Population and Housing. Estimates from supplementary surveys conducted from and including February 1999 are therefore based on these revised population benchmarks.

EXPLANATORY NOTES continued

COMPARABILITY OF TIME SERIES continued

21 Supplementary surveys are not always conducted on the full LFS sample. Since August 1994 the sample for supplementary surveys has been restricted to no more than seven-eighths of the LFS sample. Therefore the reduction in sample size means that the standard errors for this survey differ from those applicable to surveys conducted prior to August 1994.

COMPARABILITY WITH
MONTHLY LFS STATISTICS

22 Due to differences in the scope and sample size of this supplementary survey and that of the LFS, the estimation procedure may lead to some small variations between labour force estimates from this survey and those from the LFS.

PREVIOUS SURVEYS

23 Results of similar surveys, conducted in February 1969, 1973, 1975, 1976, 1977, annually from February 1979 to February 1989, annually from March 1990 to March 1994, and in February 1995, 1997, 1999 and 2001 have been given in previous issues of the publication *Labour Force Experience*, *Australia* (cat. no. 6206.0) and the Standard Data Service *Labour Force Experience on Hardcopy*, *Australia* (cat. no. 6206.0.40.001).

NEXT SURVEY

24 The ABS plans to conduct this survey again in February 2005.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

25 ABS surveys draw extensively on information provided freely by individuals, businesses, governments and other organisations. Their continued cooperation is very much appreciated: without it, the wide range of statistics published by the ABS would not be available. Information received by the ABS is treated in strict confidence as required by the *Census and Statistics Act 1905*.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

- **26** Other publications which may be of interest include:
 - Career Experience, Australia, cat. no. 6254.0
- Job Search Experience, Australia, cat. no. 6222.0
- Labour Force, Australia, cat. no. 6202.0
- Labour Mobility, Australia, cat. no. 6209.0
- Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods, cat. no. 6102.0
- Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia, cat. no. 6220.0
- **27** Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (cat. no. 1101.0). The Catalogue is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site http://www.abs.gov.au. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the web site which details products to be released in the week ahead.

ABBREVIATIONS

'000 thousand

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

ABSCQ Australian Bureau of Statistics Classification of Qualifications

ANZSIC Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification

ASCED Australian Standard Classification of Education

ASCO Australian Standard Classification of Occupations

LFS Labour Force Survey

n.e.c. not elsewhere classified

RSE relative standard error

SACC Standard Australian Classification of Countries

SE standard error

APPENDIX 1 CLASSIFICATION OF EDUCATION

CLASSIFICATION OF EDUCATION

In 2001, the *ABS Classification of Qualifications (ABSCQ)* (cat. no. 1262.0) was replaced by the *Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED)* (cat. no. 1272.0). The ASCED is a national standard classification which can be applied to all sectors of the Australian education system including schools, vocational education and training and higher education. ASCED replaces a number of classifications previously used in administrative and statistical systems, including the ABSCQ. The ASCED comprises two classifications: Level of Education and Field of Education.

Level of Highest Educational Attainment can be derived from information on Highest Year of School Completed and Level of Highest Non-school Qualification. The derivation process determines which of the 'non-school' or 'school' attainments will be regarded as the highest. Usually the higher ranking attainment will be self-evident, but in some cases some Secondary Education is regarded, for the purposes of obtaining a single measure, as higher than some Certificate level attainments.

The following decision table is used to determine which of the responses to questions on Highest Year of School Completed (coded to ASCED Broad Level 6) and Level of Highest Non-school Qualification (coded to ASCED Broad Level 5) will be regarded as the highest. It is emphasised that this table was designed for the purpose of obtaining a single value for the output variable Level of Highest Educational Attainment and is not intended to convey any other ordinality.

	DECIS	SION TABL	E: ASCED	LEVEL O	F EDUCATI	ON	
	Certificate not further defined (500)	Certificate III or IV not further defined (510)	Certificate IV (511)	Certificate III (514)	Certificate I or II not further defined (520)	Certificate II (521)	Certificate I (524)
Secondary Education not further defined (600)	Certificate not further defined	Certificate III or IV not further defined	Certificate IV	Certificate III	Certificate II or I not further defined	Certificate II	Certificate I
Senior Secondary Education not further defined (610)	Senior Secondary not further defined	Certificate III or IV not further defined	Certificate IV	Certificate III	Senior Secondary not further defined	Senior Secondary not further defined	Senior Secondary not further defined
Year 12 (612)	Year 12	Certificate III or IV not further defined	Certificate IV	Certificate III	Year 12	Year 12	Year 12
Year 11 (613)	Year 11	Certificate III or IV not further defined	Certificate IV	Certificate III	Year 11	Year 11	Year 11
Junior Secondary Education not further defined (620)	Certificate not further defined	Certificate III or IV not further defined	Certificate IV	Certificate III	Certificate I or II not further defined	Certificate II	Certificate I
Year 10 (621)	Year 10	Certificate III or IV not further defined	Certificate IV	Certificate III	Year 10	Certificate II	Year 10
Year 9 (622)	Certificate not further defined	Certificate III or IV not further defined	Certificate IV	Certificate III	Certificate I or II not further defined	Certificate II	Certificate I
Year 8 (623)	Certificate not further defined	Certificate III or IV not further defined	Certificate IV	Certificate III	Certificate I or II not further defined	Certificate II	Certificate I
Year 7 (624)	Certificate not further defined	Certificate III or IV not further defined	Certificate IV	Certificate III	Certificate I or II not further defined	Certificate II	Certificate I

APPENDIX 1 CLASSIFICATION OF EDUCATION continued

CLASSIFICATION OF EDUCATION continued

The decision table is also used to rank the information provided in a survey about the qualifications and attainments of a single individual. It does not represent any basis for comparison between differing qualifications. For example, a person whose Highest Year of School Completed was Year 12, and whose Level of Highest Non-school Qualification was a Certificate III, would have those responses crosschecked on the decision table and would as a result have their Level of Highest Educational Attainment output as Certificate III. However, if the same person answered 'Certificate' to the highest non-school qualification question, without offering any further detail, it would be crosschecked against Year 12 on the decision table as 'Certificate not further defined'. The output would then be 'Year 12'. The decision table, therefore, does not necessarily imply that one qualification is 'higher' than the other.

APPENDIX 2 POPULATIONS AND DATA ITEMS LIST

DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

The ABS has a range of data available on request from the Labour Force Experience Survey. This section lists the data items and populations which relate to the survey. More detailed breakdowns of some data items may also be available on request.

The population(s) for a particular data item refers to the persons in the survey to whom the data relates. Where alternative output categories are available for the same data item, these are shown and the data item name is followed by a bracketed numeral (e.g. Country of birth (2)).

For more information about ABS data available on request, contact Cassandra Gligora on Canberra $(02)\ 6252\ 7206$, or by facsimile on $(02)\ 6252\ 7784$, or by email to

<cassandra.gligora@abs.gov.au>.

Population 1 All persons aged 15–69 years.

Population 2 Persons aged 15–69 years in the labour force at some time during the year ending

February 2003.

Population 3 Persons aged 15–69 years who worked at some time during the year ending

February 2003.

Population 4 Persons aged 15–69 years who looked for work at some time during the year ending

February 2003.

Population 5 Persons aged 15–69 years who were not in the labour force at some time during the year

ending February 2003.

Data items 1	State or territory of usual residence New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania Northern Territory Australian Capital Territory	Populations All	Data items 6	Relationship in household Family member Husband, wife or partner With dependants Without dependants Lone Parent With dependants Without dependants United Dependent student Non-dependent child	Populations All
2	Area of usual residence Capital city Balance of state/territory Region of usual residence	All		Other family person Non-family member Lone person Not living alone	
J	Standard labour force dissemination regions	7411		Relationship not determined	
4	Sex Males Females	All			
5	Marital status Married Not married	All			

continued

Data items		Populations	Data items		Populations
7A	Country of birth and period of arrival Born in Australia	All	10	Status in employment at February 2003 Working at February 2003	All
	Born overseas			Employee	
	Arrived before 1971			Employer	
	Arrived 1971–1980			Own account worker	
	Arrived 1981–1990			Contributing family worker	
	Arrived 1991–2000			Not working at February	
	Arrived 2001 to survey date			2003	
7B	Country of birth (1) Born in Australia	All	11	Full-time or part-time status at February 2003	All
	Born overseas			Working at February 2003	
	Born in main			Full-time	
	English-speaking countries			Part-time	
	Born in other than main English-speaking			Not working at February 2003	
	countries		12	Industry at February 2003	All
7C	Country of birth (2) Born in Australia	All		Working at February 2003 Agriculture, forestry and	
	Born overseas			fishing Mining	
	Oceania and Antarctica			Manufacturing	
	North-West Europe			Electricity, gas and water	
	Southern and Eastern Europe			supply Construction	
	North Africa and the Middle East			Wholesale trade	
	South-East Asia			Retail trade	
	North-East Asia			Accommodation, cafes	
	Southern and Central			and restaurants	
	Asia			Transport and storage Communication services	
	Americas			Finance and insurance	
	Sub-Saharan Africa			Property and business	
3	Age group (years)	All		services	
	15–19			Government	
	20–24			administration and defence	
	25–34			Education	
	35–44			Health and community	
	45–54			services	
	55–59			Cultural and recreational services	
	60–64 65–69			Personal and other	
				services	
	Note: Age collected in single years			Not working at February 2003	
)	Labour force status at February 2003 In the labour force Working	All			
	Looking for work				
	Not in the labour force				

continued

Data items		Populations	Data items		Populations
13	Occupation at February 2003 Working at February 2003 Managers and administrators Professionals	All	16	Time not in the labour force during the year Not in the labour force at some time during the year 1 to under 4 weeks	All
	Associated professionals			4 to under 13 weeks	
	Tradespersons and			13 to under 26 weeks	
	related workers			26 to under 39 weeks	
	Advanced clerical and			39 to under 52 weeks	
	service workers Intermediate clerical,			52 weeks	
	sales and service workers			In the labour force for the whole year	
	Intermediate production and transport workers Elementary clerical, sales and service workers Labourers and related workers		17	Number of employers/ businesses during the year None One Two	All
	Not working at February			Three	
	2003			Four or more	
14	Time in the labour force during the year In the labour force at some time during the year 1 to under 4 weeks 4 to under 13 weeks	All	18	Full-time or part-time status of time worked Worked at some time during the year All full-time More full-time than part-time	All
	13 to under 26 weeks			Full-time same as	
	26 to under 39 weeks			part-time	
	39 to under 52 weeks			More part-time than full-time	
	52 weeks			All part-time	
	In the labour force for none of the year			Worked for none of the year	
15	Time worked during the year Worked at some time during the year 1 to under 4 weeks	All	19	Time spent looking for work during the year Looked for work at some time during the year 1 to under 4 weeks	All
	4 to under 13 weeks			4 to under 13 weeks	
	13 to under 26 weeks			13 to under 26 weeks	
	26 to under 39 weeks			26 to under 39 weeks	
	39 to under 52 weeks			39 to under 52 weeks	
	52 weeks			52 weeks	
	Worked for none of the year			Did not look for work during the year	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • •

continued

Data items		Populations	Data items		Populations
20	Number of spells of looking for work during the year None One Two	All	24	Whether worked at some time during the year Worked at some time during the year For whole year	All
	Three			For part of year	
	Four or more			Worked for none of the year	
21	Main activity when not in the labour force Not in the labour force at some time during the year Retired or voluntarily inactive Home duties or	All	25	Time worked part-time during the year Worked part-time at some time during the year 1 to under 4 weeks 4 to under 13 weeks 13 to under 26 weeks	All
	child care			26 to under 39 weeks	
	Attended an educational			39 to under 52 weeks	
	institution Own illness or injury			52 weeks	
	Own disability or handicap			Did not work part-time during the year	
	Looking after ill or disabled person Holiday, travel, or leisure activities Worked in an unpaid voluntary job Other		26	Time worked full-time during the year Worked full-time at some time during the year 1 to under 4 weeks 4 to under 13 weeks	All
	In the labour force for the			13 to under 26 weeks	
	whole year			26 to under 39 weeks	
22	Whether in the labour force at	All		39 to under 52 weeks	
	some time during the year In the labour force at some time during the year For whole year			52 weeks Did not work full-time during the year	
	For part of year		27	Whether had an unpaid	All
	In the labour force for none of the year			absence from work during the year Working at February 2003	
23	Whether looked for work at some time during the year Looked for work at some time during the year For whole year	All		With current employer for one year or more Had an unpaid absence from work Did not have an	
	For part of year			unpaid absence from work	
	Did not look for work during the year			With current employer for less than one year Had an unpaid absence from work Did not have an unpaid absence from work	
				Not working at February 2003	

continued

Data Data Populations Populations items items 28 Time worked with current 30 Level of highest non-school ΑII ΑII employer/business qualification Working at February 2003 With non-school qualifications Under 1 year Post graduate degree Under 3 months Graduate diploma/ 3 to under 6 months Graduate certificate 6 to under 9 months Bachelor degree 9 to under 12 Advanced diploma/ months Diploma 1 to under 2 years Certificate III/IV 2 to under 3 years Certificate I/II 3 to under 5 years Certificate not further 5 to under 10 years defined Level not determined 10 years and over 10 to under 20 years Without non-school 20 years and over qualifications 31 Highest year of school Not working at February All completed 2003 Year 12 Level of highest educational 29 ΑII Year 11 attainment Year 10 Post graduate degree Graduate diploma/ Year 9 Graduate certificate Year 8 or below Bachelor degree Never attended school Advanced diploma/Diploma 32 State or territory of usual ΑII Certificate III/IV residence 12 months ago Certificate I/II New South Wales Certificate not further Victoria defined Oueensland Year 12 South Australia Year 11 Western Australia Year 10 or below Tasmania Level not determined Northern Territory No educational attainment **Australian Capital Territory** Overseas

APPENDIX 3 SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEYS

SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEYS

The Monthly Population Survey program collects data on particular aspects of the labour force. The following is an historical list of supplementary surveys to the monthly labour force surveys. Data are available from these surveys in publication form, by subscription or on request.

SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEYS

	cat. no.	Frequency	Latest issue
Career Experience, Australia	6254.0	Irregular	November 1998
Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia	6243.0	Discontinued	Final issue 1993
Child Care, Australia	4402.0	Irregular	June 2002
Education and Work, Australia	6227.0	Annual	May 2002
Employee Earnings, Benefits, and Trade Union Membership, Australia	6310.0	Annual	August 2002
Forms of Employment, Australia	6359.0	Irregular	November 2001
Job Search Experience, Australia(a)	6222.0	Annual	July 2002
Labour Force Experience, Australia	6206.0	Biennial	February 2003
Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia	6235.0	Discontinued	Final issue 1994
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia(b)	6224.0	Discontinued	Final issue 2000
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Migrants, Australia	6250.0	Irregular	November 1999
Labour Mobility, Australia	6209.0	Biennial	February 2002
Locations of Work, Australia	6275.0	Irregular	June 2000
Multiple Jobholding, Australia(c)	6216.0	Irregular	August 1997
Participation in Education, Australia	6272.0	Discontinued	Final issue 1999
Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia	6220.0	Annual	September 2002
Persons Who had Re-entered the Labour Force, Australia	6264.0.40.001	Discontinued	Final issue 1995
Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, Australia	6267.0.40.001	Discontinued	Final issue 1994
Retirement and Retirement Intentions, Australia	6238.0	Irregular	November 1997
Retrenchment and Redundancy, Australia	6266.0	Irregular	July 2001
Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience, Australia	6245.0	Discontinued	Final issue 2000
Superannuation, Australia	6319.0	Discontinued	Final issue 1995
Underemployed Workers, Australia	6265.0	Annual	September 2002
Working Arrangements, Australia	6342.0	Irregular	November 2000
Work-Related Injuries, Australia	6324.0	Irregular	September 2000

⁽a) This product replaces the publications Job Search Experience (b) Latest data available June 2003, from the ABS web site of Unemployed Persons, Australia (cat. no. 6222.0) and cat. no. 6291.0.55.001 annual, or on request. Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience, Australia (c) Latest data available on request July 2001. (cat. no. 6245.0).

TECHNICAL NOTE DATA QUALITY

INTRODUCTION

- 1 Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, they are subject to sampling variability. That is, they may differ from those estimates that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error (SE), which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about 2 chances in 3 (67%) that a sample estimate will differ by less than one SE from the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about 19 chances in 20 (95%) that the difference will be less than two SEs. Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error (RSE), which is obtained by expressing the SE as a percentage of the estimate.
- 2 Due to space limitations, it is impractical to print the SE of each estimate in the publication. Instead, a table of SEs is provided to enable readers to determine the SE for an estimate from the size of that estimate (see table T1). The SE table is derived from a mathematical model, referred to as the 'SE model', which is created using data from a number of past Labour Force Surveys. It should be noted that the SE model only gives an approximate value for the SE for any particular estimate, since there is some minor variation between SEs for different estimates of the same size.

CALCULATION OF STANDARD ERRORS

3 • An example of the calculation and the use of SEs in relation to estimates of persons is as follows. Table 1 shows that the estimated number of persons in the labour force for part of the year was 3,142,200. Since this estimate is between 2,000,000 and 5,000,000, table T1 shows that the SE for Australia will lie between 16,050 and 24,600 and can be approximated by interpolation using the following general formula:

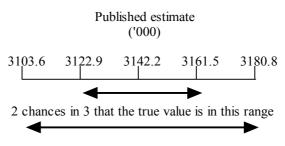
SE of estimate

$$= lower SE + \left(\left(\frac{size\ of\ estimate - lower\ estimate}{upper\ estimate - lower\ estimate} \right) x\ (upper\ SE - lower\ SE) \right)$$

$$= 16,050 + \left(\left(\frac{3,142,200 - 2,000,000}{5,000,000 - 2,000,000} \right) x\ (24,600 - 16,050) \right)$$

$$= 19,300\ (rounded\ to\ the\ nearest\ 100)$$

4 Therefore, there are about 2 chances in 3 that the value that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey will fall within the range 3,122,900 to 3,161,500 and about 19 chances in 20 that the value will fall within the range 3,103,600 to 3,180,800. This example is illustrated in the diagram below.



19 chances in 20 that the true value is in this range

TECHNICAL NOTE DATA QUALITY continued

CALCULATION OF STANDARD ERRORS continued

5 In general, the size of the SE increases as the size of the estimate increases. Conversely, the RSE decreases as the size of the estimate increases. Very small estimates are thus subject to such high RSEs that their value for most practical purposes is unreliable. In the tables in this publication, only estimates with RSEs of 25% or less are considered reliable for most purposes. Estimates with RSEs greater than 25% but less than or equal to 50% are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. *3.4) to indicate they are subject to high SEs and should be used with caution. Estimates with RSEs of greater than 50%, preceded by a double asterisk (e.g. **0.3), are considered too unreliable for general use and should only be used to aggregate with other estimates to provide derived estimates with RSEs of 25% or less.

MEANS AND MEDIANS

- 6 The RSEs of estimates of mean duration of time spent looking for work and median duration of time spent looking for work are obtained by first finding the RSE of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the mean or median (see table T1) and then multiplying the resulting number by the following factors: mean duration of time spent looking for work: 0.76 median duration of time spent looking for work: 1.63
- 7 The following is an example of the calculation of SEs where the use of a factor is required. Table 10 shows that the estimated number of males looking for work at some time during the year was 937,800 with a median duration of time spent looking for work of 13 weeks. The SE of 937,800 can be calculated from table T1 (by interpolation) as 11,800. To convert this to an RSE we express the SE as a percentage of the estimate, or 11,800/937,800 = 1.3%.
- **8** The RSE of the estimate of median duration of time spent looking for work for males is calculated by multiplying this number (1.3%) by the appropriate factor shown in the previous paragraph (in this case 1.63): $1.3 \times 1.63 = 2.1\%$. The SE of this estimate of median duration of time spent looking for work for males is therefore 2.1% of 13, i.e. about 0.3 weeks. Therefore, there are 2 chances in 3 that the median duration of time spent looking for work for males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 12.7 weeks to 13.3 weeks, and about 19 chances in 20 that it would have been within the range 12.4 weeks to 13.6 weeks.
- **9** Estimates of means and medians produced from population estimates smaller than the values provided in table T2 have RSEs larger than 25% and should be used with caution. Table T2 also indicates the size of population estimates that would produce means and medians with RSEs greater than 50%, which are considered too unreliable for general use.

PROPORTIONS AND PERCENTAGES

- **10** Proportions and percentages formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling errors. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and the denominator. A formula to approximate the RSE of a proportion is given below. This formula is only valid when x is a subset of y. $RSE\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = \sqrt{\left[RSE(x)\right]^2 \left[RSE(y)\right]^2}$
- **11** Considering the example from the previous page, of the 3,142,200 persons in the labour force for part of the year, 489,100, or 15.6%, looked for work at some time during the year. The SE of 489,100 may be calculated by interpolation as 9,200. To convert this to an RSE we express the SE as a percentage of the estimate, or 9,200/489,100 = 1.9%. The SE for 3,142,200 was calculated previously as 19,300, which converted to an RSE is 19,300/3,142,200 = 0.6%. Applying the above formula, the RSE of the proportion is: $RSE = \sqrt{(1.9)^2 (0.6)^2} = 1.8\%$

PROPORTIONS AND
PERCENTAGES continued

DIFFERENCES

- **12** Therefore, the SE for the proportion of persons in the labour force for part of the year who looked for work at some time during the year is 0.3 percentage points (=(15.6/100)x1.8). Therefore, there are about 2 chances in 3 that the proportion of persons in the labour force for part of the year who looked for work at some time during the year is between 15.3% and 15.9%, and 19 chances in 20 that the proportion is within the range 15.0% to 16.2%.
- **13** Published estimates may also be used to calculate the difference between two survey estimates (of numbers or percentages). Such an estimate is subject to sampling error. The sampling error of the difference between two estimates depends on their SEs and the relationship (correlation) between them. An approximate SE of the difference between two estimates (x-y) may be calculated by the following formula: $SE(x-y) = \sqrt{[SE(x)]^2 + [SE(y)]^2}$
- **14** While this formula will only be exact for differences between separate and uncorrelated characteristics or subpopulations, it is expected to provide a good approximation for all differences likely to be of interest in this publication.

T1 STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

									AUST.	
	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	SE	RSE
Size of										
estimate										
(persons)	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%
100	100	110	190	170	160	110	110	140	80	80.0
200	170	180	270	220	230	150	150	170	140	70.0
300	230	240	330	270	280	180	180	190	200	66.7
500	340	340	420	330	350	220	220	230	290	58.0
700	430	420	490	380	410	250	260	250	370	52.9
1,000	550	530	580	440	480	290	290	280	470	47.0
1,500	720	670	690	520	570	340	350	330	610	40.7
2,000	860	790	790	590	650	380	390	360	730	36.5
2,500	1 000	900	850	650	700	400	400	400	850	34.0
3,000	1 100	1 000	950	700	750	450	450	400	950	31.7
3,500	1 200	1 050	1 000	750	800	500	500	450	1 050	30.0
4,000	1 300	1 150	1 100	800	850	500	500	450	1 100	27.5
5,000	1 450	1 250	1 200	850	950	550	550	500	1 250	25.0
7,000	1 700	1 500	1 400	1 000	1 100	650	650	600	1 550	22.1
10,000	2 050	1 750	1 600	1 150	1 250	700	700	650	1 850	18.5
15,000	2 450	2 100	1 900	1 350	1 500	850	850	800	2 250	15.0
20,000	2 800	2 350	2 200	1 500	1 650	950	950	900	2 600	13.0
30,000	3 300	2 750	2 600	1 800	1 950	1 100	1 050	1 050	3 150	10.5
40,000	3 650	3 100	2 900	2 000	2 200	1 250	1 200	1 150	3 550	8.9
50,000	3 950	3 300	3 200	2 200	2 350	1 350	1 300	1 300	3 900	7.8
100,000	4 950	4 200	4 250	2 900	3 050	1 750	1 650	1 750	5 100	5.1
150,000	5 600	4 850	5 050	3 400	3 500	2 000	1 900	2 100	5 900	3.9
200,000	6 150	5 450	5 650	3 800	3 900	2 250		2 400	6 550	3.3
300,000	7 200	6 450	6 650	4 450	4 450	2 600		2 850	7 650	2.6
500,000	8 900	8 100	8 150	5 450	5 300	3 100			9 300	1.9
1,000,000	12 450	11 350	10 700	7 150	6 600				12 150	1.2
2,000,000	18 300	16 450	13 950	9 350	8 150				16 050	0.8
5,000,000	32 850	28 350	19 650						24 600	0.5
10,000,000									43 150	0.4

.. not applicable

TECHNICAL NOTE DATA QUALITY continued

T2 LEVELS AT WHICH	ESTIMATES	HAVE RELATIVE	STANDARD	ERRORS	OF 25%	AND 50%(a)
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	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Aust.
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
••••••••••••						• • • • •			
		25% R	SE						
Mean duration of time spent looking for work	3 950	3 110	2 890	1 510	2 250	660	910	650	2 650
Median duration of time spent looking for work	17 060	12 860	10 940	6 070	7 280	2 880	2 930	2 600	14 510
All other estimates	6 790	5 190	4 580	2 650	3 150	1 270	1 310	1 220	5 150
		50% R	SE						
Mean duration of time spent looking for work	610	590	810	460	650	200	290	230	300
Median duration of time spent looking for work	4 410	3 430	3 170	1 870	2 210	900	940	890	3 160
All other estimates	1 330	1 130	1 300	810	920	390	410	430	810

⁽a) Refers to the number of persons contributing to the estimate.

GLOSSARY

Advanced diploma/Diploma or

Advanced diploma/Diploma or below includes qualifications at the Advanced Diploma and Diploma Level, and Certificates I, II, III and IV levels.

Bachelor degree or above

Bachelor degree or above includes qualifications at the Post graduate degree Level, Graduate diploma and graduate certificate Level and Bachelor degree Level.

Employed

All persons aged 15 years and over who, during the reference week:

- worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and own account workers); or
- worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers); or
- were employees who had a job but were not at work and were:
 - away from work for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; or
 - away from work for more than four weeks up to the end of the reference week and received pay for some or all of the four week period to the end of the reference week; or
 - away from work as a standard work or shift arrangement; or
 - on strike or locked out; or
 - on workers' compensation and expected to return to their job; or
- were employers or own account workers, who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.

Family

Two or more related persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering; and who are usually resident in the same household. The basis of a family is formed by identifying the presence of a couple relationship, lone parent-child relationship or other blood relationship. Some households will therefore contain more than one family. Further details on the determination of family relationships are given in *Australian Labour Market Statistics* (cat. no. 6105.0).

Full-time status of weeks worked during the year

Any weeks of the year that a person perceived that they had worked full-time.

In the labour force at some time during the year

Persons who had worked or looked for work for one week or more during the year.

In the labour force for the whole year

Persons who had either worked or looked for work every week for the whole year.

In the labour force for part of the year

Persons who had either worked or looked for work for one week or more during the year, but had some weeks when neither activity was undertaken.

Level of highest educational attainment

Level of highest educational attainment identifies the highest achievement a person has attained in any area of study. It is defined as the highest educational attainment a person has achieved, and is not a measurement of relative importance of different fields of study.

Higher levels of education are typically characterised by the greater significance of theoretical learning and greater complexity of factual and practical learning. It is derived from a person's highest year of school completed and level of highest non-school educational qualification. The highest qualification completed by the respondent is classified according to the *Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED)* (cat. no. 1272.0). See Appendix 1 for further information.

Level of highest non-school qualification

Non-school qualifications are awarded for educational attainments other than those of pre-primary, primary or secondary education. They include qualifications at the Post Graduate Degree Level, Master Degree Level, Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate Level, Bachelor Degree Level, Advanced Diploma and Diploma Level, and Certificates I, II, III and IV levels. Non-school qualifications may be attained concurrently with school qualifications.

GLOSSARY continued

Level of highest non-school qualification continued	In this publication, prior to 2003 those who were still at school were not asked their level of highest non-school qualification.
Looked for work at some time during the year	Persons who looked for work for one week or more during the year.
Main English-speaking countries	Main English-speaking countries are the United Kingdom, Ireland, Canada, South Africa, the United States of America and New Zealand.
Mean duration of time spent looking for work	Obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been looking for work by the number of persons in that group.
Median duration of time spent looking for work	The duration which divides persons who looked for work into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose time spent looking for work during the year is above the median, and the other, persons whose time spent looking is below it.
Multiple job-holders	Employed persons who worked in two or more jobs or held multiple jobs from which they were absent because of holidays, sickness or any other reason. Multiple job-holders exclude those who changed employer.
Not in the labour force at some time during the year	Persons who had neither worked nor looked for work for one week or more during the year.
Number of employers/ businesses during the year	The number of employers/businesses a person worked for during the year.
Number of spells of looking for work during the year	The number of different periods, including the current period, during which a person was not working but was looking for a job.
Part-time status of weeks worked during the year	Any weeks of the year that a person perceived they had worked part-time.
Time in the labour force during the year	The total number of weeks a person reported as having either worked or looked for work.
Time not in the labour force during the year	The total number of weeks a person reported as having neither worked nor looked for work.
Time spent looking for work during the year	The total number of weeks a person spent looking for work, while not working.
Time worked during the year	The total number of weeks a person reported as having either worked or been on paid leave. Periods of one week or more on strike or time off without pay are not classified as time worked.
Unemployed	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the reference week, and: • had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week and: • were available for work in the reference week; or • were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week and could have started in the reference week if the job had been available then.
Worked	Activity in a job, business or farm, for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind; or any activity in a family business that contributed to the operation of that business although no payment was received. Includes being absent, but on paid leave, from such activity.
Worked at some time during the year	Persons who reported having worked and/or been on paid leave for one week or more during the year.
Worked for part of the year	Persons who reported having worked and/or been on paid leave for part of the year.

FOR MORE INFORMATION . .

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